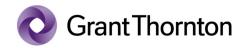


# **CONTENTS**

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Statement of Financial Position	3
Statements of Operations and Accumulated Deficit	4
Statement of Change in Net Debt	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7 - 14



Grant Thornton LLP Suite 400 222 McIntyre Street W North Bay, ON P1B 2Y8

T +1 705 472 6500 F +1 705 472 7760 www.grantthornton.ca

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Contributing Municipalities of the Burk's Falls, Armour and Ryerson TRI R Committee

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Burk's Falls, Armour and Ryerson TRI R Committee ("the Committee"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, change in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Burk's Falls, Armour and Ryerson TRI R Committee as at December 31, 2022, and its results of operations, its changes in its net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Committee in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Committee's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Committee or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Committee's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Committee's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Committee's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Committee to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

North Bay, Canada August 22, 2023

**Chartered Professional Accountants** Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

# BURK'S FALLS, ARMOUR AND RYERSON TRI R COMMITTEE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2022	2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Accounts receivable Inventories held for resale	\$	8,986 \$ 4,970	16,282 -
		13,956	16,282
LIABILITIES		•	•
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		20,051	19,805
Landfill closure and post-closure liability (Note 2)		343,191	443,711
		363,242	463,516
NET DEBT		(349,286)	(447,234)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets - net (Note 3)		284,882	309,012
Inventories of supplies		6,095	3,523
		290,977	312,535
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT (Note 4)	<b>\$</b>	(58,309) \$	(134,699)

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL:	
	Mayor

# BURK'S FALLS, ARMOUR AND RYERSON TRI R COMMITTEE STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		udget 2022 <i>e Note 5)</i>	Actual 2022	Actual 2021
REVENUE				
Municipal contributions - Township of Armour - Township of Ryerson - Village of Burk's Falls Other government transfers	\$ 1	110,923 \$ 67,652 36,395 65,000	94,504 62,649 33,513 66,299	\$ 83,449 50,896 27,381 46,331
User charges Other Writedown of landfill closure and post-closure liability	1	145,000 27,150	180,627 55,838 100,520	176,864 44,482
TOTAL REVENUE	4	52,120	593,950	46,205 <b>475,608</b>
EXPENSES				
Salaries, wages and benefits Materials and supplies Contracted services Rents and financial expenses Amortization		255,420 110,000 82,200 4,500 24,100	269,764 124,354 75,363 23,949 24,130	264,221 58,776 81,342 13,673 24,653
TOTAL EXPENSES	4	76,220	517,560	442,665
ANNUAL SURLUS (DEFICIT) (Note 4)	(2	4,100)	76,390	32,943
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(13	4,699)	(134,699)	(167,642)
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT, END OF YEAR	\$ (15	8,799) \$	(58,309)	\$ (134,699)

# BURK'S FALLS, ARMOUR AND RYERSON TRI R COMMITTEE STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget Actual 2022 2022 (see Note 5)		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (24,100) \$	76,390 \$	32,943
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	- 24,100	- 24,130	(11,391) 24,653
Change in supplies inventories	-	(2,572)	952
Decrease in net debt	-	97,948	47,157
Net debt, beginning of year	(447,234)	(447,234)	(494,391)
Net debt, end of year	\$ (447,234) \$	(349,286) \$	(447,234)

# BURK'S FALLS, ARMOUR AND RYERSON TRI R COMMITTEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Operating transactions		
Annual surplus	\$ 76,390 \$	32,943
Non-cash charges to operations:		
Amortization	24,130	24,653
Change in landfill closure and post-closure liability	(100,520)	(46,205)
	-	11,391
Changes in non-cash items:		_
Accounts receivable	7,296	(12,488)
Inventories held for resale	(4,970)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	246	11,536
Inventories of supplies	(2,572)	952
Cash provided by operating transactions	-	11,391
Capital transactions Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-	(11,391)
Cash applied to capital transactions	-	(11,391)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ - \$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

The Burk's Falls, Armour and Ryerson TRI R Committee (the "organization") is a joint committee of the Corporation of the Municipality of the Village of Burk's Falls, the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Armour, and the Corporation of the Township of Ryerson, who contribute towards the net expenditures of the organization in the following proportions: Burk's Falls - 17.58%; Armour - 49.56%; Ryerson - 32.86% (2021 Burk's Falls - 16.93%; Armour - 51.60%; Ryerson - 31.47%).

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

The financial statements of the organization are the responsibility of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of significant accounting policies is provided in Note 1. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Management maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies adopted by the organization are as follows:

## Basis of Accounting

## (i) Accrual basis of accounting

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the year in which it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

### (ii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances held at financial institutions and short-term deposits with original maturities of three months or less.

#### (iii) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities but are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### (a) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Borrowing costs related to the acquisition of tangible capital assets are expensed in the year incurred. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements - 20 years Buildings - 40 years Machinery and equipment - 10 to 20 years

One half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Estimated closure and post-closure expenses for active landfill sites as well as the land occupied by the sites and related land improvements are amortized annually on the basis of capacity used during the year as a percentage of the estimated total capacity of the landfill site.

Tangible capital assets received as donations are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt.

#### (b) Inventories of supplies

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

# (iv) Government transfers

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the Statement of Operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

### (v) Pensions

The organization accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employee Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer public sector pension fund, as a defined contribution plan.

## (vi) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events and actions that the organization may undertake in the future. Significant accounting estimates include estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets and solid waste landfill closure and post-closure liabilities. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

# 2. <u>LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY</u>

Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final cover and landscaping of the landfill site, management of groundwater and leachates, and ongoing environmental monitoring and site inspection. Estimated expenditures related to the closure and subsequent maintenance of this site are recognized in the financial statements over the operating life of the site, in proportion to its utilized capacity.

In March 2017 an application to expand the site capacity from 58,800 cubic metres by an additional 27,700 cubic metres was approved.

The liability for the landfill site is recorded at \$343,191 (2021 \$443,711) and represents the present value of closure and post-closure costs for 100% of the original approved site area and 47% of the 27,700 cubic metre area, using an estimated long-term borrowing rate of 4.38% (2021 2.28%) and inflation rate of 2.4% (2021 1.8%). The total estimated future expenditures - representing the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure care - are \$420,957 (2021 \$550,096), leaving an amount to be recognized of \$77,766 (2021 \$106,385). The estimated remaining capacity of the approved site is 14,734 cubic metres (2021 15,554), estimated to be filled in 12 years. Post-closure care is estimated to be required for a period of 25 years.

As a result of changes to assumptions made in 2022 relating to the borrowing rate and the inflation rate underlying the estimated liability, the estimated liability has been reduced by approximately \$132,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

# 3. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

The tangible capital assets of the organization by major asset class are outlined below. Landfill closure-related transactions and balances are reported as land and land improvements.

	Land and Improve		Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	TOTAL
COST					
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 44	10,099 \$	39,249	\$ 408,704 \$	888,052
Additions and betterments	-		-	-	-
Disposals and writedowns	(1	4,643)	-	-	(14,643)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	4.	25,456	39,249	408,704	873,409
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION					
Balance, beginning of year	38	80,907	7,577	190,556	579,040
Annual amortization		2,201	981	20,948	24,130
Amortization disposals	(1	1,643)	-	-	(14,643)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	30	8,465	8,558	211,504	588,527
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS-NET	\$	6,991 \$	30,691	\$ 197,200 \$	284,882

2021						
		d and Land provements	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	TOTAL	
COST Balance, beginning of year	\$	428,708 \$	39,249	\$ 408,704 \$	876,661	
Additions and betterments	*	11,391	-	-	11,391	
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		440,099	39,249	408,704	888,052	
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION						
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION Balance, beginning of year		378,183	6,596	169,608	554,387	
Annual amortization		2,724	981	20,948	24,653	
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		380,907	7,577	190,556	579,040	
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS-NET	\$	59,192 \$	31,672	\$ 218,148 \$	309,012	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

# 4. <u>ACCUMULATED DEFICIT</u>

The 2022 continuity of accumulated deficit reported on the Statement of Financial Position is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Annual Surplus (Deficit)	Balance End of Year
Tangible capital assets Unfunded amounts:	\$ 309,012	\$ (24,130)	\$ 284,882
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	(443,711)	100,520	(343,191)
	\$ (134,699)	\$ 76,390	\$ (58,309)

# 5. <u>BUDGET FIGURES</u>

The budget adopted for the current year was prepared on a modified accrual basis, and has been restated to conform with the accounting and reporting standards applicable to the actual results. A reconciliation of the adopted and reported budgets is presented below.

	Budget
ADOPTED BUDGET:	
Change in general operating surplus	\$ -
ADJUSTMENTS:	
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(24,100)
ANNUAL DEFICIT	\$ (24,100)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

# 6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions below are in the normal course of operations and are measured at their exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

The following table summarizes the organization's related party transactions with its contributing municipalities during the year:

		2022	2021
Municipal contributions			
Township of Armour	\$	94,504	\$ 83,449
Township of Ryerson		62,649	50,896
Village of Burk's Falls		33,513	27,381
User fees			
Township of Armour		52,720	59,334
Township of Ryerson		31,599	30,630
Expenses			
Township of Armour			
Payment in lieu of taxes		3,587	3,564
Office rent		2,000	2,000
At the end of the year, amounts due from contributing mur	nicipalities are as	follows:	
Township of Armour		8,986	16,282

The amounts due from contributing municipalities are reported in accounts receivable. These amounts are non-interest bearing, with no specific terms of repayment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

# 7. SEGMENT DISCLOSURE AND EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The schedule of segment disclosure and expenses by object provides a breakdown of the annual surplus reported on the Statement of Operations between waste disposal and recycling activities. Items are recorded as unallocated amounts when there is no reasonable basis for allocating them between the two segments. Major items included in this category are employee wages, insurance, winter maintenance, utilities, office rent, audit expense, payments in lieu of taxes and the municipal contributions received to fund these items. Since municipal contributions are calculated on a modified accrual basis, unallocated items are fully funded in the year, while some segment-specific items such as amortization and changes in the landfill closure and post-closure liability are not.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TOR THE TEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	aste Disposal	Recycling	Unallocated Amounts	Total
REVENUE			rundants	
Municipal contribution required -				
Township of Armour	\$ (37,477) \$	(10,499) \$	142,480 \$	94,504
Township of Ryerson	(24,846)	(6,959)	94,454	62,649
Village of Burk's Falls	(13,291)	(3,723)	50,527	33,513
Other Government transfers -		* * * *		•
Ontario	_	66,299	-	66,299
User charges	180,627	- ′	-	180,627
Writedown of landfill closure and post-	•			•
closure liability	100,520	-	=	100,520
Other	-	55,838	=	55,838
TOTAL REVENUE	205,533	100,956	287,461	593,950
EXPENSES				
Salaries, wages and benefits	_	-	269,764	269,764
Materials	58,733	55,423	10,198	124,354
Contracted services	24,331	45,533	5,499	75,363
Rents and financial expenses	21,949	- ′	2,000	23,949
Amortization .	18,340	5,790	- <i>'</i>	24,130
TOTAL EXPENSES	123,353	106,746	287,461	517,560
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ 82,180 \$	(5,790) \$	- \$	76,390

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Waste Disposal		Recycling	Unallocated Amounts	Total
REVENUE					
Municipal contribution required -					
Township of Armour	\$	(54,683) \$	(7,653) \$	145,785 \$	83,449
Township of Ryerson		(33,351)	(4,667)	88,914	50,896
Village of Burk's Falls		(17,942)	(2,511)	47,834	27,381
Other Government transfers -					
Ontario		-	46,331	=	46,331
User charges		176,864	-	=	176,864
Writedown of landfill closure and post-					
closure liability		46,205	-	=	46,205
Other		-	44,482	-	44,482
TOTAL REVENUE		117,093	75,982	282,533	475,608
EXPENSES					
Salaries, wages and benefits		-	-	264,221	264,221
Materials		20,738	28,176	9,862	58,776
Contracted services		27,086	47,806	6,450	81,342
Rents and financial expenses		11,673	-	2,000	13,673
Amortization		18,863	5,790	<u> </u>	24,653
TOTAL EXPENSES		78,360	81,772	282,533	442,665
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$	38,733 \$	(5,790) \$	- \$	32,943

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2022

### 8. PENSION AGREEMENTS

The organization makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employee Retirement Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of certain members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Each year an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan (the Plan) by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to the estimated present value of all pension benefits that members have earned to date. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan was conducted at December 31, 2022. The results of this valuation disclosed total actuarial liabilities of \$130,306 million with respect to benefits accrued for service with actuarial assets at that date of \$123,628 million indicating an actuarial deficit of \$6,678 million. Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any Plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees. As a result, the organization does not recognize any share of the Plan surplus or deficit.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2022 was \$20,241 (2021 \$16,752) for current service and is included as an expense on the Statement of Operations.